OFFICIAL: Sensitive//Medical in confidence

MY SICK DAY ACTION PLAN: high blood glucose (hyperglycaemia) in gestational diabetes mellitus

Commence immediately if you feel unwell OR your blood glucose (BG) or sensor glucose (SG) is greater than 11.0mmol/L for more than 3-12 hours.		Medical Record No: Name: Date of Birth://
Doctor:	Ph:	Health Direct (24hr health advice line) Ph: 1800 022 222
My glucose target range is:	Fasting:mmol/L	2 hours post meal:mmol/L
Glucose monitoring instructions*	Monitor BG/SG as recommended (e.g. before breakfast and/or 2 hours after meal/s. Confirm high or low SG results with BG before taking action to correct them. Check BG/SG 1-2 hours after correction insulin dose/s.	
Continuous glucose monitoring (CGM) Consider risk of inaccurate results.	Medications to avoid	
Usual diabetes medications instructions* (e.g. Metformin)	Continue	
Usual insulin instructions* 'Set' dose OR Insulin:Carbohydrate Ratio/s: B/fast: units OR 1 unit per grams Lunch: units OR 1 unit per grams Dinner: units OR 1 unit per grams	Basal insulin (long acting) should never be stopped. Bolus (rapid acting) insulin at main meals may need to be reduced if your food and fluid intake is reduced.	
Correction insulin instruction* Calculated on Total Daily Dose TDD:units 5% of TDD:units 10% of TDD:units	Administer immediately but at least 2 hours since last main meal dose. Limit to 2 consecutive correction doses.	
Foods and fluid instruction	Have either your usual meals or approximately 15g of an alternative carbohydrate per hour during the day. Have ½ to 1 cup of fluid (125-250ml) every hour to avoid dehydration. If BG less than 11.0mmol/L, have carbohydrate containing fluids. If BG greater than 11.0mmol/L, have carbohydrate-free fluids.	
When to visit your nearest hospital	BG greater than 11.0mmol/L for more than 24 hours despite oral medications or 2 correction insulin doses. BG less than 4.0mmol/L despite 2 hypo treatments. Symptoms of drowsiness, confusion, breathing difficulties or severe abdominal pain. Vomiting persists for more than 4 hours. Unable to self-care and support person unable to assist.	
Dated:	CDE Name:	Sign:

^{*} Based on ADEA 2020 Clinical guiding principles for sick day management of adults with type 1 and type 2 diabetes and SA Diabetes Mellitus and Gestational Diabetes 2019 Perinatal

